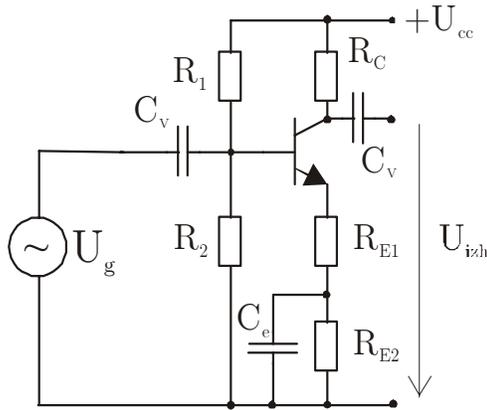


Komunikacijska vezja - IZPIT 16.4.2004

1. Izračunajte amplitudo druge harmonske komponente na izhodu ojačevalnika !

Podatki :



$$\begin{aligned}
 R_1 &:= 40000 & R_2 &:= 4000 \\
 R_{e1} &:= 200 & R_{e2} &:= 1000 \\
 R_c &:= 10000 & C_v &:= 4 \cdot 10^{-6} \\
 C_e &:= 10 \cdot 10^{-6} & U_{cc} &:= 20 \\
 \beta &:= 100 & U_{be0} &:= 0.6 \\
 U_1 &:= 20 \cdot 10^{-3} & f_1 &:= 2000 \\
 \text{Par}(R_1, R_2) &:= \frac{R_1 \cdot R_2}{R_1 + R_2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$R_B := \text{Par}(R_1, R_2) \quad R_B = 3.636 \cdot 10^3$$

Delovna točka transistorja in parametri NF modela:

$$I_e := \frac{U_{cc} \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} - U_{be0}}{(R_{e1} + R_{e2}) + \frac{R_B}{\beta + 1}} \quad g_m := 40 \cdot I_e \quad r_{be} := \frac{\beta}{g_m}$$

$$I_e = 9.856 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad g_m = 0.039 \quad r_{be} = 2.537 \cdot 10^3$$

Ojačenje pri srednjih frekvencah:

$$A_{sf} := -g_m \cdot R_c \cdot \frac{r_{be}}{r_{be} + \beta \cdot R_{e1}} \quad A_{sf} = -44.372$$

faktor nelinearnega popačenja zaradi druge harmonske komponente:

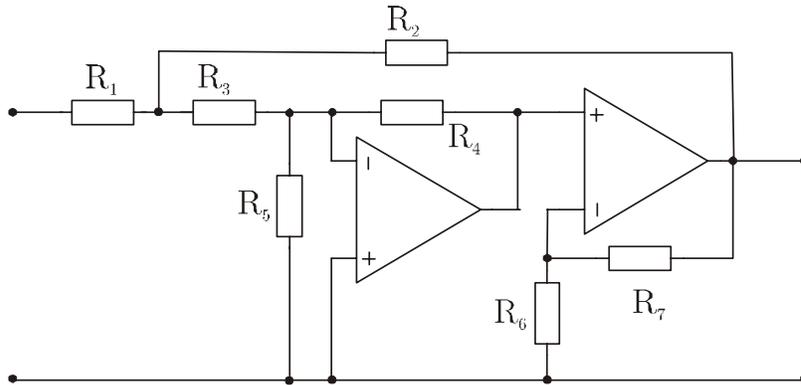
$$u_{be} := U_1 \cdot \frac{r_{be}}{r_{be} + R_{e1} \cdot \beta} \quad k_2 := \frac{u_{be}}{100 \cdot 10^{-3}} \quad k_2 = 0.023 \quad u_{be} = 2.251 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

amplituda druge harmonske komponente signala na izhodu ojačevalnika:

$$U_{\omega} := U_1 \cdot |A_{sf}| \quad U_{2\omega} := U_{\omega} \cdot k_2 \quad U_{2\omega} = 0.019977$$

2. Izračunajte natančno napetostno ojačenje in natančno vhodno upornost ojačevalnika !

$$\begin{aligned} R1 &:= 1000 & R3 &:= 1000 & R5 &:= 1000 & R6 &:= 1000 \\ R2 &:= 10000 & R4 &:= 10000 & R7 &:= 10000 & A1 &:= 100 & A2 &:= 1000 \end{aligned}$$



$$R_{m4} := \frac{R4}{1 + A1} \quad R_{m4} = 99.01$$

$$A_{b1} := -A1 \cdot \frac{\text{Par}(R_{m4}, R5)}{R3 + \text{Par}(R_{m4}, R5)} \quad R_{vh1} := R3 + \text{Par}(R_{m4}, R5)$$

$$A_{b1} = -8.264 \quad R_{vh1} = 1.09 \cdot 10^3$$

$$A_{b2n} := \frac{R7}{R6} + 1 \quad T2 := \frac{R6}{R6 + R7} \cdot A2$$

$$A_{b2} := \frac{A_{b2n}}{1 + \frac{1}{T2}} \quad A_{b2} = 10.88 \quad A_{b2n} = 11 \quad T2 = 90.909$$

$$A_{12} := A_{b1} \cdot A_{b2} \quad A_{12} = -89.92$$

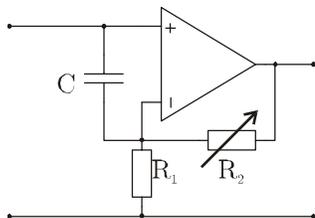
$$R_{m2} := \frac{R2}{1 - A_{12}} \quad R_{m2} = 109.987$$

$$A_b := A_{12} \cdot \frac{\text{Par}(R_{vh1}, R_{m2})}{R1 + \text{Par}(R_{vh1}, R_{m2})} \quad R_{vh} := R1 + \text{Par}(R_{vh1}, R_{m2})$$

$$A_b = -8.168$$

$$R_{vh} = 1.1 \cdot 10^3$$

3. Določite minimalno fazno varnost ojačevalnika !



$$A_{\text{odB}} := 80 \quad A_0 := 10^4$$

$$f_{p1} := 2 \cdot 10^6 \quad f_{p2} := 10 \cdot 10^6$$

$$C := 40 \cdot 10^{-9} \quad R_1 := 10000$$

$$R_{2\text{min}} := 10000 \quad R_{2\text{max}} := 100000$$

$$T_{0\text{max}} := A_0 \cdot \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_{2\text{min}}} \quad T_{0\text{max}} = 5 \cdot 10^3$$

$$f_{px} := \frac{1}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot C \cdot \text{Par}(R_1, R_{2\text{min}})} \quad f_{px} = 795.775$$

$$\frac{f_{p1}}{f_{px}} = 2.513 \cdot 10^3$$

$$f_{zg} := \sqrt{T_{0\text{max}} \cdot f_{px} \cdot f_{p1}} \quad f_{zg} = 2.821 \cdot 10^6$$

točna vrednost:
$$\Phi := \left[180 - \left(\frac{180}{\pi} \cdot \text{atan} \left(\frac{f_{zg}}{f_{px}} \right) - \left(\frac{180}{\pi} \cdot \text{atan} \left(\frac{f_{zg}}{f_{p1}} \right) \right) \right) \right] - \frac{180}{\pi} \cdot \text{atan} \left(\frac{f_{zg}}{f_{p2}} \right)$$

$$\Phi = 19.599$$

Minimalna fazna varnost ojačevalnika je 19.6 stopinj.